

S. No: _____

Student Name: _____ F/Name: _____

School Name: _____ Class: _____ Examiner Sign: _____

Quiz: Islamiat MCQs BS Level Time: 45 Mins

1. حضرت محمد ﷺ کا لقب "الصادق الامین" کس نے رکھا تھا؟
(A) یہودیوں نے (B) اہل مکہ نے (C) مسلمانوں نے (D) اہل مدینہ نے
2. جنگ خندق کو اور کس نام سے یاد کیا جاتا ہے؟
(A) جنگ احزاب (B) جنگ یمامہ (C) جنگ موتہ (D) جنگ خیبر
3. حضرت محمد ﷺ کی ولادت کب ہوئی؟
(A) 570ء (B) 571ء (C) 572ء (D) 573ء
4. قرآن پاک کی سب سے چھوٹی سورت کون سی ہے؟
(A) سورۃ الفاتحہ (B) سورۃ الکوثر (C) سورۃ العصر (D) سورۃ الاخلاص
5. حضرت ابوبکر صدیقؓ کا دور خلافت کتنے سال رہا؟
(A) دو سال تین ماہ (B) چار سال چھ ماہ (C) پانچ سال دو ماہ (D) دس سال
6. اسلام کا پہلا معرکہ کون سا تھا؟
(A) جنگ احد (B) جنگ بدر (C) جنگ خندق (D) جنگ موتہ
7. حضرت علیؓ کا لقب کیا تھا؟
(A) حضرت علیؓ (B) حضرت عمرؓ (C) حضرت عثمانؓ (D) حضرت علیؓ
8. قرآن پاک کا ترجمہ سب سے پہلے کس زبان میں کیا گیا؟
(A) فارسی (B) ترکی (C) اردو (D) انگریزی
9. حضرت محمد ﷺ نے پہلی ہجرت کس ملک کی طرف کرنے کا حکم دیا؟
(A) یمن (B) حبشہ (C) شام (D) طائف
10. حج کس مہینے میں ادا کیا جاتا ہے؟
(A) رمضان (B) رجب (C) ذوالحجہ (D) محرم
11. حضرت عیسیٰؑ کی والدہ کا نام کیا تھا؟
(A) حضرت ہاجرہ (B) حضرت مریم (C) حضرت سارہ (D) حضرت آمنہ
12. نماز تراویح کو کس خلیفہ کے دور میں باجماعت کیا گیا؟
(A) حضرت ابوبکرؓ (B) حضرت عمرؓ (C) حضرت عثمانؓ (D) حضرت علیؓ
13. حضرت عائشہؓ کے والد کا نام کیا تھا؟
(A) حضرت عمرؓ (B) حضرت ابوبکرؓ (C) حضرت عثمانؓ (D) حضرت علیؓ

Quiz: English MCQs BS Level Time: 45 Mins

1. Choose the correct synonym of rapid:
(A) Slow (B) Fast (C) Weak (D) Strong
2. Choose the correct antonym of brave:
(A) Bold (B) Cowardly (C) Strong (D) Heroic
3. Which one is the correct spelling?
(A) Accomodation (B) Accommodation (C) Acommodation (D) Acommadation
4. Choose the correct article: "He bought _ apple from the market."
(A) a (B) an (C) the (D) none
5. Choose the correct form of verb: "She _ to school every day."
(A) go (B) goes (C) going (D) gone
6. Which of the following is a collective noun?
(A) Dog (B) Flock (C) Chair (D) Box
7. Choose the correct preposition: "He is interested _ music."
(A) on (B) at (C) in (D) with
8. Identify the adjective in the sentence: "The tall building is near the park."
(A) tall (B) building (C) near (D) park
9. Fill in the blank: "She has been working here _ 2010."
(A) since (B) for (C) at (D) by
10. Choose the correct indirect speech: He said, "I am tired."
(A) He said that he was tired. (B) He said that I was tired. (C) He says he is tired. (D) He told he is tired.
11. Which of the following is a synonym of begin?
(A) Finish (B) Start (C) End (D) Close
12. The passive voice of "They are watching a movie" is:
(A) A movie is being watched by them. (B) A movie was watched by them. (C) A movie is watched by them. (D) A movie has been watched by them.

1. Allama Iqbal is known as:

- (A) Father of the Nation
- (B) Poet of the East
- (C) King of Ghazals
- (D) Man of Letters

2. Pakistan became a member of the United Nations in:

- (A) 1945
- (B) 1947
- (C) 1948
- (D) 1949

3. The second largest province of Pakistan by population is:

- (A) Punjab
- (B) Sindh
- (C) KPK
- (D) Balochistan

4. The river which is called the lifeline of Pakistan is:

- (A) Jhelum
- (B) Chenab
- (C) Indus
- (D) Ravi

5. Which Mountain range separates Pakistan from China?

- (A) Himalayas
- (B) Karakoram
- (C) Hindu Kush
- (D) Pamir

6. Pakistan Steel Mills is located in:

- (A) Karachi
- (B) Lahore
- (C) Quetta
- (D) Multan

7. Who was the first woman Prime Minister of Pakistan?

- (A) Begum Ra'ana Liaquat Ali Khan
- (B) Benazir Bhutto
- (C) Fatima Jinnah
- (D) Hina Rabbani Khar

8. The national fruit of Pakistan is:

- (A) Banana
- (B) Apple
- (C) Mango
- (D) Guava

9. The highest peak of Pakistan is:

- (A) Nanga Parbat
- (B) K-2
- (C) Rakaposhi
- (D) Tirich Mir

10. Who presented the famous Fourteen Points?

- (A) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- (B) Allama Iqbal
- (C) Quaid-e-Azam
- (D) Liaquat Ali Khan

11. Pakistan's largest natural gas field is:

- (A) Mari
- (B) Sui
- (C) Uch
- (D) Qadirpur

12. The founder of All India Muslim League was:

- (A) Nawab Mohsin-ul-Mulk
- (B) Nawab Waqar-ul-Mulk
- (C) Quaid-e-Azam
- (D) Allama Iqbal

13. The capital of Balochistan is:

- (A) Gwadar
- (B) Quetta
- (C) Khuzdar
- (D) Turbat

1. Which organelle is called the “powerhouse of the cell”?

- (A) Ribosome
- (B) Lysosome
- (C) Mitochondria
- (D) Endoplasmic Reticulum

2. DNA is made up of repeating units called:

- (A) Monosaccharides
- (B) Nucleotides
- (C) Amino acids
- (D) Lipids

3. Which law states that energy cannot be created or destroyed?

- (A) Newton's First Law
- (B) Law of Conservation of Energy
- (C) Hooke's Law
- (D) Boyle's Law

4. The pH of human blood is approximately:

- (A) 5.5
- (B) 6.0
- (C) 7.4
- (D) 8.0

5. Which gas is the most abundant in Earth's atmosphere?

- (A) Oxygen
- (B) Carbon dioxide
- (C) Nitrogen
- (D) Argon

6. Who proposed the planetary model of the atom?

- (A) Dalton
- (B) Rutherford

- (C) Bohr
- (D) Thomson

7. Which vitamin is also known as ascorbic acid?

- (A) Vitamin A
- (B) Vitamin C
- (C) Vitamin D
- (D) Vitamin K

8. Which enzyme breaks down starch into maltose?

- (A) Lipase
- (B) Amylase
- (C) Pepsin
- (D) Trypsin

9. Which element has the highest electronegativity?

- (A) Oxygen
- (B) Chlorine
- (C) Fluorine
- (D) Nitrogen

10. The SI unit of Force is:

- (A) Joule
- (B) Watt
- (C) Newton
- (D) Pascal

11. The part of the brain responsible for memory is:

- (A) Hypothalamus
- (B) Hippocampus
- (C) Cerebellum
- (D) Medulla

12. Which process produces gametes in humans?

- (A) Mitosis
- (B) Meiosis
- (C) Binary fission
- (D) Budding